## Joss Smith

# the eternal clock has stopped and awaits its moment 

For solo marimba and electronics


For Hsiao-Tung Yuan

# Joss Smith <br> the eternal clock has stopped and awaits its moment 

Duration: 22-25 minutes
for solo marimba and electronics

## Equipment

Marimba
$4 x$ rattan mallet
1 x shaker with handle (caxixi or similar)
4+ finger caps - provided by composer
1 x sheet which is attached to the marimba - provided by composer
$2 x$ long sticks

## Tech list

Stereo PA with subwoofer, mixer and cables
1 x computer running reaper
Audio interface 2i4o
$2 \times 1 / 4$ inch cables
$2 x$ small diaphragm condenser microphones
1 x wireless headset microphone
1x whammy pedal
$5 x$ XLR cables
1 x dimmable spotlight (for assistant)
1 x wireless keyboard (for assistant)
1 x strip light with switch

## Stage setup

Condenser microphone


## Technical setup



L/R - Stereo PA
M - Monitor
H - Headset microphone

## Performance Directions

## General notes

For the beginning and end of the piece, the performer is stationed underneath the marimba, hidden from the audience by a cloth sheet which is wrapped around the marimba. For these sections, following the playback on the laptop is possible to help with timing each action. You will be playing in time with playback from the beginning until section H and from section L until the end. There is a specific sound which triggers the end of section K which the performer should listen out for to be ready to switch to section L.

An assistant will be needed to trigger sections I and $J$ as well as controlling the spotlight at the beginning and at section M . The striplight at letter M is triggered by the performer.
The notation is split into 4 staves. There is a staff for vocals, two staves for marimba and another for whammy pedal in the middle sections.

If without a time signature, each bar is as long as the time in seconds indicated above. The performer has a laptop next to them underneath the marimba. Each bar is indicated by a marker in Reaper.

Rattan: there are four rattan mallets. Ideally these should all be hard but in different colours.
Dynamics apply to all staves unless it is on the vocal line only.

## Marimba notation

The piece begins with the performer wearing specialized finger caps which they can play the marimba with before using mallets. These will be attached to whichever 2 fingers on each hand that make tremolos the most achievable.


Complete the written action in the amount of time the note lasts. For moving to specific notes, it is always the next note that follows in that hand.


Push the marimba keys up from below - with long sticks. When tremolo, shake the sticks so the keys rattle (may or may not have sound). If in brackets, miss this note out if both aren't possible


Rest stick on bar so that it rattles when hit. When on two notes, it should rattle both notes.


Dead strokes - don't let the note ring


Aim for bringing out the overtones Indicates notes that aren't to be played.

Play the shaker - raise it above your left shoulder

## Vocal notation

* Whispering or breath sounds. When accented, start with a sharp breath.


Tuned breathing - half way between breathing and whistling.


Tongue clicks


Gasping inhalations

## Whammy notation

Whammy is set to Drop Tune for whole piece. At Section H, a G\# is played and pitch-shifted with the pedal. The pedal should all the way up at the start of the piece.
$\qquad$ Pedal all the way up - for section H , it is a G\#.

- Pedal all the way down - this is a slightly flat F\#

The lines indicate the movement between the two pedal positions - it may not always go fully down. If there is no line between positions, it is a quick change of positions.

## the eternal clock has stopped and awaits it's moment




(D. $=108$
















$$
246 \quad d=102
$$










$24{ }_{339}$ Loud, unrelenting and obsessive $(\quad(=144)$








Listen out for 'Section change' sound - go




